

**IV. MAJOR COURSE- MJ 15:
FEDERALISM IN INDIA****Marks: 25 (5 Attd. + 20 SIE: 1Hr) + 75 (ESE: 3Hrs) = 100****Pass Marks: Th (SIE + ESE) = 40****(Credits: Theory-04) Theory: 60 Lectures****Course Objectives:**

1. The aim of this course is to enlighten the students about the Indian federal system and centre-state relations including the functioning of NITI AAYOG and the demand for state autonomy.
2. This course seeks to explain to the students the dynamics of the Indian electoral system, Election Commission, electoral process, election campaign, voting behavior, electoral funding, issue of fake news, role of social media and the need for electoral reform.

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. The students shall be able to develop a better understanding about the nature of Indian Federal System and centre-state Relations
2. Students will be able to understand the electoral process of India in its entirety.
3. Students will be able to make an in-depth analysis of voting behaviour
4. Students will be able to explain the electoral process in India and critically examine the role of social media and give valuable suggestions for bringing about electoral reforms.
5. Students will acquire knowledge about the composition and functions of NITI AAYOG.

Course Content**UNIT I**

1. Federalism in India: Nature and Evolution.
2. Basic features of Indian Federalism.

UNIT II

1. Centre-State Relations
2. NitiAayog
3. National Development Council

UNIT III

1. National Political Parties and Regional Political Parties
2. Inter State conflicts

Reference Books:

1. Mahendra Prasad Singh – Indian Federalism: An Introduction
 2. Peu Ghosh - Indian Government and Politics – Peu Gosh
 3. M. Govinda Rao- Political Economy and Federalism in India
 4. HakarFindi- New Trends in Federalism: Cooperative Federalism in India
 5. C. Rangarajan – Federalism and Fiscal Transfers in India
 6. Lancy Lobo – Federalism inIndia: Towards a Fresh Balance of Power
 7. MadhavGodbole – India A Federal Union of State
 8. Naseer Ahmed Khan – Challenges and Issues in Indian Fiscal Federalism
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